Supporting children

Our weekly 1-to-1 online lessons are a fun, confidence-building experience for your pupils, and are aligned with the national curriculum for England and Wales.

Supporting schools

We offer flexibility and great value to fit schools' busy timetables, and the assurance of world-class, maths specialist tutors in a safe environment.

> In schools across the UK We are the largest provider of online maths interventions in the UK. Every week we provide specialist 1-to-1 lessons to thousands of children in KS2 and KS3.

THIRD SPACE LEARNING

STARTER:

How many different 4-digit numbers can you make out of these digits?

What is the largest number? What is the smallest number?



Success Criteria:

Mastery: I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

<u>Greater Depth:</u> I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

Can you think of a way to work methodically, so that you make sure you think of all possible answers?



STARTER:

How many different 4-digit numbers can you make out of these digits?

What is the largest number? What is the smallest number?



There are 18 possible answers:

THIRD SPACE LEARNING

1,046	1,064	1,406	1,460	1,604	1,640
4,016	4,061	4,106	4,160	4,601	4,610
6,014	6,041	6,104	6,140	6,401	6,410

The largest number is 6,410 and the smallest number is 1,046.

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

Extension:

Georgia says, "I would have thought that the smallest number would be the largest number backwards."

Explain why this is not correct for this set of digits. Could it be correct for a different set of digits? Why?

TALKING TIME:

Use your knowledge of adding 3-digit numbers to find the total of 635 and 214.

100s	10s	1s
100 100 100 100 100 100	10 10 10	
100 100	10	

THIRD SPACE LEARNING

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

TALKING TIME:

Use your knowledge of adding 3-digit numbers to find the total of 635 and 214.

100s	10s	1s

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

635 + 214 = 849



TALKING TIME:

Use place-value counters to combine 1,536 and 3,342.

1,000s	100s	10s	1s
1,000	100 100 100 100 100	10 10 10	
1,000 1,000 1,000	100 100 100	10 10 10 10	1 1

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



TALKING TIME:

Use place-value counters to combine 1,536 and 3,342.



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

1,536 + 3,342 = 4,878



TALKING TIME:

What is five thousand two hundred and seventy-one plus two thousand four hundred and fifteen?

1,000s	100s	10s	1s
1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	100 100	10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1
1,000 1,000	100 100 100 100	10	

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



TALKING TIME:

What is five thousand two hundred and seventy-one plus two thousand four hundred and fifteen?

1,000s	100s	10s	1s

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

5,271 + 2,415 = 7,686



ACTIVITY 1:

What is the sum of 2,132 and 4,307? Use place-value counters to find the answer.

1,000s	100s	10s	1s
1,000 1,000	100	10 10 10	1 1
1,000 1,000 1,000	100 100 100		

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

ACTIVITY 1:

What is the sum of 2,132 and 4,307? Use place-value counters to find the answer.

1,000s	100s	10s	1s

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

2,132 + 4,307 = 6,439



TALKING TIME:

Add 3,047 and 1,531 using the column method. Use a place-value grid and counters to model each step.





Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



TALKING TIME:

Add 3,047 and 1,531 using the column method. Use a place-value grid and counters to model each step.





Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



TALKING TIME:

Add 6,413 and 1,426 using the column method. Use a place-value grid and counters to model each step.

1,000s	100s	10s	1s	
1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	100 100 100 100	10		
				+
1,000	100 100 100	10 10		
	100			

	6	4	1	3
+	1	4	2	6

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



TALKING TIME:

Add 6,413 and 1,426 using the column method. Use a place-value grid and counters to model each step.





Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 2:

Mr Aziz has £7,438 in one bank account and £1,311 in another. How much money does he have in total?



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 2:

Mr Aziz has £7,438 in one bank account and £1,311 in another. How much money does he have in total?



He has £8,749 in total.



Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 3:

Use the numbers 5,416, 2,173 and 1,523 to make as many different totals as you can. You must only add two numbers at a time.

How many different totals do you think you will be able to make from these three numbers?

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 3:

Use the numbers 5,416, 2,173 and 1,523 to make as many different totals as you can. You must only add two numbers at a time.

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.







<mark>沙 THIRD SPACE</mark> LEARNING

ACTIVITY 4:

Use your knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers to work out the missing digits.



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 4:

Use your knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers to work out the missing digits.



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 5:

Use your knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers to work out the missing digits.



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 5:

Use your knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers to work out the missing digits.



Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



ACTIVITY 6:

Only solve the addition problem.

a) Number X is 3,214 more than Number Y. Number Y is 5,175. What is Number X?

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

b) The price of a hatchback car is £2,412 less than the price of an estate car.
 The price of the estate car is £7153.
 How much does the hatchback cost?



ACTIVITY 6:

Only solve the addition problem.

a) Number X is 3,214 more than Number Y.
Number Y is 5,175.
What is Number X?
3 2 1 4

b) The price of a hatchback car is £2,412 less than the price of an estate car.
 The price of the estate car is £7153.
 How much does the hatchback cost?

838

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

Extension:

Invent a similar mystery number problem for a friend to solve.

You should use the phrase "less than" in your problem and it needs to be solved using addition. Think carefully!





What could the two numbers be?

What are the even digits that these numbers could contain? What can you say for definite about the numbers?

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:



<u>ACTIVITY 7:</u> Clara says,	
Two mai Th	o 4-digit numbers ke a total of 4,262. ney both contain even digits.
What could the t	wo numbers be?
Some possible a	nswers are:
2,000 + 2,262	2,040 + 2,222
2,002 + 2,260	2,060 + 2,202
2,020 + 2,242	
2,200 + 2,062	There are other possible answers. Can you think of any?

Success Criteria:

Mastery:

I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

Extension:

What if the two numbers both contain odd digits instead?

Does this make the problem easier, more difficult or the same?

Explain your answer and find six possible answers.



Success Criteria:

To be able to add two 4-digit numbers

ACTIVITY 8:



Both children have made a mistake!

Work out the correct answer and explain the mistakes they have made.



ACTIVITY 8:



Success Criteria:

Mastery: I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

Greater Depth:

I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

Both children have made a mistake!

THIRD SPACE LEARNING

Work out the correct answer and explain the mistakes they have made.

5342 +1256 6598 Zainab has added the tens column incorrectly. 4 tens plus 5 tens equals 9 tens, not 8 tens.

Ben has not lined up the numbers correctly before adding them, so the place-value of his digits is incorrect.

EVALUATION:

Always, Sometimes or Never?

- a) When adding two 4-digit numbers using the column method, we should ______ start with the thousands digits and ______ start with the ones digits.
- b) A number with 4-digits _____ has an amount of thousands greater than 0.
- c) A number with 4-digits _____ has a hundreds digit less than 9.
- d) Two 4-digit numbers are being added. They both have an odd number of ones. The number of ones in the answer will _____ be odd.

Success Criteria:

<u>Mastery:</u> I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

<u>Greater Depth:</u> I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.

THIRD SPACE LEARNING thirdspacelearning.com Specialis

thirdspacelearning.com Specialist 1-to-1 maths interventions and curriculum resources

EVALUATION:

Always, Sometimes or Never?

- a) When adding two 4-digit numbers using the column method, we should <u>NEVER</u> start with the thousands digits and <u>ALWAYS</u> start with the ones digits.
- b) A number with 4-digits <u>ALWAYS</u> has an amount of thousands greater than 0.
- c) A number with 4-digits **<u>SOMETIMES</u>** has a hundreds digit less than 9.
- d) Two 4-digit numbers are being added. They both have an odd number of ones. The number of ones in the answer will <u>NEVER</u> be odd.

Success Criteria:

<u>Mastery:</u> I can add two 4-digit numbers where there is no exchanging.

<u>Greater Depth:</u> I can apply my knowledge of adding 4-digit numbers when solving more complex problems.



Supporting children

Our weekly 1-to-1 online lessons are a fun, confidence-building experience for your pupils, and are aligned with the national curriculum for England and Wales.

Supporting schools

We offer flexibility and great value to fit schools' busy timetables, and the assurance of world-class, maths specialist tutors in a safe environment.

> In schools across the UK We are the largest provider of online maths interventions in the UK. Every week we provide specialist 1-to-1 lessons to thousands of children in KS2 and KS3.

THIRD SPACE LEARNING